The Pyongyang Times

No. 23 (501) SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1974 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses with the delegation of education of Dahomey after receiving them

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Delegation of Education of Dahomey

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on May 27 the delegation of education of Dahomey on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Vincent Guezodje, Minister of Education, Culture, Youth and Sports of the Republic of Dahomey.

Kim Su Duk, Minister of Common Education, and Kim Jae Bong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, were on hand.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit of the delegation to our country and had a talk with the guests in an amicable and friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the head of the delegation expressed heartfelt thanks to the leader for receiving them though he was very busy, and courteously conveyed the friendly greetings of Mathieu Kerekou, President of the Republic of Dahomey, to the leader.

The head of the delegation emphasized that the Juche idea founded by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung with his genius was already throwing its rays all over the world going beyond the boundary of Korea and that they had accepted the Juche idea as their own.

All the proposals put forward by the leader for the reunification of the country are defended by the Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey and enjoy its firm support, the head of the delegation said.

He stated:

Availing myself of this opportunity, I reassure you of the full support of the Dahomey people to the struggle for the reunification of the country waged by the Korean people under the wise leadership of Your Excellency President Kim Il Sung.

The head of the delegation sincerely wished His Excellency President Kim Il Sung good health and a long life so that under his wise leadership the Korean people may build as early as possible a socialist society which will be a glory and great happiness of the world peace- and justice-loving people and the world revolution may win victory.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for this and extended thanks to the Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey and President Mathieu Kerekou for dispatching the delegation.

The leader said that the visit of the delegation to our country had not only contributed to developing and strengthening friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Dahomey peoples but also given a great encouragement to our people in their work for socialist construction and national reunification.

The leader stressed: The Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey and President Mathieu Kerekou lay stress on independence. This is very important as the present time is an era calling for independence. Korea and Dahomey have commonness in maintaining independence and we deem it a great honour to have friendly relations with such people as the Dahomey people who adhere to independence. If a nation wants to ensure its independence, it must have independence in ideological field, economic field and all other fields, and it is very important to hold fast to independence in ideological field in particular.

It is very important for us to learn from each other, cooperate with each other, support and aid each other, the leader said. He spoke about further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and Dahomey, and expressed thanks to the Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey for its activities supporting our stand in the United Nations and other international arena.

The leader asked the delegation to convey heartfelt greetings to President Mathieu Kerekou upon returning home and wished the Dahomey people successes in their struggle to uphold independence and build a new life.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Kim Il, Premier of the Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to the President of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana and Prime Minister of the CRG on the occasion of the independence day of Guyana. The message reads:

☆

His Excellency Arthur Chung
President
Cooperative Republic of Guyana

His Excellency Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham
Prime Minister
Cooperative Republic of Guyana

Georgetown

We offer warm felicitations and greetings to you and through you to your government and people on the occasion of the independence day of Guyana.

The Korean people heartily rejoice over all the successes scored by the Guyanese people in the struggle for the country's prosperity after independence.

Convinced that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will further strengthen and develop in all fields with the recent establishment of diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana as an occasion, we take this opportunity to sincerely wish you and your people great successes in the struggle for consolidating national independence and building a new society.

KIM IL SUNG
President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

KIM IL
Premier of the Administration Council
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, May 25, 1974

TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Daniel Oduber** on the latter's assumption of office as President of the Republic of Costa Rica.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of sympathy to **Julius K. Nyerere**, President of the United Republic of Tanzania, in connection with the heavy flood damage in Tanzania.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message to **Yasser Arafat**, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and General Commander of the Palestinian Revolutionary Army, on the occasion of the "week of support to the struggle of the Palestinian people".

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to the King **Olav the Fifth** of the Kingdom of Norway on the national day of the Kingdom of Norway.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Josip Broz Tito** on his reelection as President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **El Hadj Ahmadou Ahidjo**, President of the United Republic of Cameroon, on the occasion of the national day of the Cameroonian people.

"Korean Committee of Solidarity with the World's People" Inaugurated

The "Korean Committee of Solidarity with the World's People" was inaugurated on May 17 in Pyongyang to strengthen friendship and solidarity with the world's people.

The inauguration meeting elected chairman, vice-chairmen and secretary of the committee. (KCNA)

Joint Communique on Establishment of Diplomatic Relations between DPRK and CRG Made Public

A joint communique on the establishment of diplomatic relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana was signed in Georgetown, the capital of Guyana, on May 18.

The joint communique reads:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana agreed to establish diplomatic relations effective from May 18, 1974, out of the common desire to develop the friendly relations and cooperation between the two countries on the principles of equality, mutual benefit and non-interference in each other's internal affairs.

Molten iron flows out of the expanded No. 1 Blast Furnace of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Works, carrying the steelmakers' feelings of loyalty to the leader

"President KIM IL SUNG Makes the 20th Century Shine Resplendently"

Voices of World's Revolutionary People

The world's revolutionary people highly praise from the bottom of their hearts the undying feats recorded with golden letters on every page of the glorious and brilliant revolutionary history of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and hold the leader in high esteem as the "sun of mankind", "legendary hero" and "beacon of hope", extending the highest honour and glory to him.

"When we speak of great leaders, our mind turns first of all to President Kim Il Sung because he is the most outstanding of all the leaders produced by the world.

"President Kim Il Sung is the greatest leader ever known in the history of mankind and makes the 20th century shine resplendently" (a member of the Syrian government delegation which visited our country).

"I say without the slightest hesitation that Comrade Kim Il Sung is the greatest and most respected leader produced by the world.

"We learn from the history of great philosophers, great generals, great writers, great social reformists, great thinkers and great humanists. **But has there ever been such a person as President Kim Il Sung who is possessed of the best qualities of all these persons? He is the greatest leader of socialism.**

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is a world historic person and his influence will last for centuries" (Chairman of the All-India Democratic Party).

"President Kim Il Sung founded the great Juche idea for the first time in history to make it possible to overcome flunkeyism and dogmatism and solve all problems arising in the revolution and construction by one's own efforts in conformity with the specific conditions of one's own country, and thereby ushered in the era of Juche, a new era in the world revolutionary movement and the development of Marxism-Leninism" (members of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association).

"Marshal Kim Il Sung has performed great achievements in the revolution and construction by creatively applying and developing Marxism-Leninism to suit the realities of Korea.

"He not only founded the great Juche idea but also propounded a unique theory on the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal, democratic revolution and preeminent theories on the socialist revolution and socialist construction. This is a great contribution to the development of the world revolutionary movement" (a public figure in Latin America).

"Holding aloft the banner of proletarian internationalism, Comrade Kim Il Sung actively supports and helps the world's revolutionary peoples in their struggle and makes a great contribution to the international communist and working-class movements and the national-liberation struggle of the peoples in colonies and dependent countries.

"Indeed, the half-century history of Comrade Kim Il Sung shines with his undying revolutionary feats, great ideas and lofty virtues" (Tanzanian paper **Ngurumo**).

"The history of the revolutionary struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung for half a century up to this day since he set out on the revolutionary struggle in his early years taking upon himself the destiny of the fatherland and the nation is a history of the great leader of the revolution, a history of the most steadfast and most outstanding anti-imperialist revolutionary fighter, a history of the most brilliant Marxist-Leninist strategist of our time, a history of bloody struggle for the independence of the country and for the sake of the working class and people and a glorious history run through with ardent love for the fatherland and the people and infinite loyalty to the revolution" (members of the "Committee for the Study of Works of President Kim Il Sung" of the Pakistan-Korea Youth Friendship and Cultural Association).

"The glorious revolutionary history of President Kim Il Sung spanning half a century up to this day since he took the road of revolution in his early years is an undying revolutionary history shining like a pyramid in the history of the struggle of the oppressed peoples of the world for national independence, freedom and liberation and a sacred history brightly lighting like a beacon the road of struggle ahead of the world's revolutionary people and giving light to mankind" (a leading member of the Iraqi Political Science Association.)

"How can we attend to the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung only as the leader of the Korean people, the red sun of Korea! How can we say that the red sun throws its brilliant rays only over the Korean peninsula!

"I had a misunderstanding, made an anachronistic mistake.

"From my narrow point of view, I called great works of Comrade Kim Il Sung the 'Communist Manifesto of the 20th Century'. But the immortal classical works of President Kim Il Sung, the great leader, will be the 'Communist Manifesto' that will shine from century to century" (an Indian public figure).

"President Kim Il Sung is the outstanding leader who is making a great contribution to turning the wheels of the world revolution in the period of tempest" (a member of the Political Bureau of the French Communist Party).

"Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant leader of the world revolution, is reverently called the red sun of mankind, beacon of hope by the revolutionaries and people of the world for his outstanding contribution to the world revolution" (Secretary of the Cairo Branch of the General Union of Students of Palestine).

"The name of Marshal Kim Il Sung is the banner of victory and glory for the revolutionary people all over the world.

"The international authority of Comrade Kim Il Sung as the outstanding leader of the socialist revolution and the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle is very high and it has become unshakable.

"He is one of the greatest persons of our time and the eternal sun of mankind" (a member of the Sierra Leone-Korea Friendship Association).

DEMONSTRATION OF THE VITALITY OF GREAT "SPEED-UP CAMPAIGN"

Reconstruction and Expansion Project of No. 1 Blast Furnace of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Works Completed in 25 Days; First Molten Iron Flows Out Carrying Steelmakers' Feelings of Loyalty to the Leader

Upholding the revolutionary line of huge socialist construction set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, our working people are now dashing forward at faster and faster speed and making miraculous achievements every day in all parts of the country. Under these circumstances new miracles were performed recently at the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex, a gigantic metallurgical base in the northern region of our country.

Under the uplifted revolutionary banner of "speed-up campaign" initiated by the Party the steelmakers of this complex plunged themselves into the battle for the reconstruction and expansion project of No. 1 Blast Furnace.

The site was soon transformed into a blazing crucible. Thanks to their strenuous efforts the project was completed in only 25 days—the original plan was 60 days. Thus the furnace began producing molten iron.

The reconstruction project resulted in expanding the interior of furnace and establishing the control system by television and wireless sets. All measuring apparatuses became automated: cooling appliances were reformed rationally; and upper structural devices of the furnace were put on automatic lines, thus making it possible to eliminate harmful labour. The automatic devices and remote-control system were introduced in major production processes such as gas cleaning and hot blasting, both contributing to an increase in productivity.

The successful fulfilment of the task to reconstruct and equip the furnace with modern facilities in a short span of time is the result of the wise guidance of the leader who always pays deep concern for the development of our steel industry. And it is the expression of burning loyalty of our heroic working class in the domain of steel industry who are always ready to carry through unconditionally the leader's orders and instructions in any adversity.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"In order to develop the engineering industry at a fast tempo and fully guarantee huge construction work we must markedly increase the production of different kinds of iron and steel materials and nonferrous metals by concentrating our efforts on the advancement of the metal industry."

Occupied as he was with the vast state affairs, the leader who directs particular care to the development of the steel industry, found time to visit this enterprise several times and set out the proper direction to be followed by this complex. Last April he earnestly asked the workers there to complete the reconstruction project of No. 1 Blast Furnace as soon as possible and thus increase steel production.

Keeping in mind the leader's teaching the builders displayed an unexcelled devotion and mass heroism and hastened the project in a blitz way and by finish-one-by-one method from the beginning when they buckled down to the job.

While launching a vigorous mass movement for technical renovation they introduced a new work method in dismantling the furnace, thus raising work efficiency several times. In building walls of the furnace and assembling plate iron around the walls they devised an all-purpose crane of new type and various kinds of tools and jigs were used to boost up their work efficiency ten times at maximum.

Meanwhile, leading functionaries of the complex meticulously organized and directed the work to stroke the heightened revolutionary zeal of the builders. This was conducive to accelerating the speed of reconstruction as a whole.

Now molten iron is pouring out of the reconstructed and expanded furnace.

Li Chan Sun

A VISIT TO KOREAN REVOLUTION MUSEUM (32)

The Fifth Congress of WPK, A Congress of Victors

We had a good look at the exhibits in Halls Nos. 75 and 76 which show the achievements made in the fields of science, education, literature, art and public health under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and moved on to Hall No. 77 to see the materials concerning the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, a congress of the overall victory of the Juche idea.

Seen on one wall of this hall is the carefully-preserved picture of the leader who is drafting the report to be delivered at the Fifth Congress. Put on show below it are the materials which illustrate that all the Party members and working people waged a vigorous struggle on all fronts of socialist construction in hearty response to the militant call of the leader to triumphantly capture every height of the Seven-Year Plan, a grand programme of struggle for socialist construction, and thus greet the Fifth Party Congress with brilliant results.

We were impressed when we saw the pictures of the steel workers of Kangson and agricultural working people of the Chongsan Cooperative Farm who are striving to honour the Party Congress with great political enthusiasm and splendid achievements in labour and when we looked at the materials concerning labour efforts made by the constructors of the capital to build modern "Chollima Street", so as to honour the Party Congress.

We listened to the curator attentively. Pointing to the materials on display, she explained that all the Party members and working people carried on a heroic struggle and, consequently, gross industrial output value in 1970 was 11.6 times that of 1956, and that they built 1,760 local industry factories, "Chollima Street" in Pyongyang, many towns and a great number of modern houses.

Like this, our people honourably kept the pledge of loyalty to the leader by successfully fulfilling the Seven-Year Plan through vigorous struggle and thereby greeted the significant historic Fifth Congress.

On one wall of this hall we find a treasured picture of the leader who delivers a report to the Fifth Party Congress held in November 1970. Seen below is the paper carrying its full text.

The curator briefed the report.

In the report the leader summed up all the praiseworthy successes of our Party and people and their rich experience in all spheres of the revolution and constructive work during the period under review, set forth the lines and policies of struggle for advancing the Korean revolution more vigorously and outlined the Six-Year Plan, another great milestone in our revolution and construction that promises a brighter future.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The basic task of the Six-Year Plan in the field of socialist economic construction is to cement the material and technical foundations of socialism and free the working people from heavy labour in all fields of the national economy, by consolidating and developing the successes gained in industrialization and advancing the technical revolution onto a new, higher plane."

The Six-Year Plan presented by the leader is a great programme that shows a correct way whereby we, following up the successes gained in industrialization, would further develop our industry into Juche industry—an independent, modern one with the perfectly-balanced structure relying on domestic raw materials and would make it fully display its might, and whereby we would make uninterrupted technological progress in all domains of the national economy and develop the country's productive forces as a whole more rapidly and free all the working people from toilsome labour.

Along with socialist economic construction, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made deep, overall exposition of the problems of principle arising in the building of socialism and communism—problems of creating socialist culture, of revolutionizing and working-classizing the whole society, of increasing the defence capacity and of improving the people's livelihood in a well-balanced way—and indicated ways and means for solving all these problems.

In his report the leader analysed and reviewed the postwar situation in south Korea and the historic experience and lessons in the south Korean revolutionary movement, gave full explanation of the strategic and tactical policy for the south Korean revolution and reclarified our Party's consistent and principled stand on national reunification.

In the report, he made clear our Party's unshakable stand and correct policy for strengthening international solidarity of our revolution and intensifying the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle in Asia and other parts of the world.

In the last part of the report he set forth the task of keeping Party work in a sustained, in-depth development to meet the requirements of our revolution and construction.

Studying the materials concerning the report, we keenly realized again that the report—which scientifically analysed with gifted insight and profound theory and generalized the splendid revolutionary achievements and rich experience of our Party and people in the struggle and beaconed the path to the complete victory of socialism and the nationwide victory of the revolution and further to communism—serves as a militant banner inspiring our Party and people to a new struggle for greater exploits, as a historic document greatly conducive to hastening the victory in the cause of the south Korean revolution and national reunification and the cause of the world revolution and as a classical, immortal Marxist-Leninist document.

Exhibited on another wall of this hall are copies of foreign newspapers dealing with the historic Fifth Congress of the WPK.

From these papers we could clearly see that the progressive people in foreign countries eulogized the leader's report as the "outstanding Marxist-Leninist document of our times", "encyclopaedia of revolution" and "valuable weapon that gives people the hope and conviction of victory".

Seen on one wall of this hall are a treasured picture of Comrade Kim Il Sung who answers the enthusiastic cheers of people at the Pyongyang mass rally held in honour of the Fifth Congress and a picture showing the rally.

As the picture shows, the working people, youth and students, Worker-Peasant Red Guardsmen and Red Young Guards in Pyongyang, more than 300,000 in all, held a mammoth demonstration in honour of the Fifth Congress of the Party, deeming it a glorious and joyful event to have re-elected the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK and were filled with the determination to vigorously fight on along the broad avenue indicated by him at the Party Congress.

Leaving the hall, we took unfathomable pride in being the people who live and work under the wise guidance of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist of our times and genius of revolution, and confirmed our resolve to practice intense loyalty to him on the road of revolution shown by him.

Kwak Chun Man

35th Anniversary of the Victorious Battle in the Musan Area Observed

A central lecture meeting was held at the grand assembly hall of the People's Palace of Culture on May 22 in celebration of the 35th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area.

The subject dealt was "The brilliant victory of the Juche-based military thought, strategy and tactics of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great military strategist and legendary hero."

Analysing the revolutionary situation prevailing in Korea late in 1930s, the lecturer pointed out: In May 1939, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, led the main forces of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army into the homeland and won the battle in the Musan area. By doing this, he inflicted heavy blows, military and political, on the Japanese imperialist invaders and gave new impetus to the Korean revolution which was undergoing bitter trials.

Recalling with deep emotion the glorious victory in the battle in the Musan area, he dwelt on the sagacity of the leader's guidance and his superb commanding art.

Lecture meetings were held in the provinces (and cities under the central authority), cities (and districts) and county seats, organs, enterprises and co-op farms and at units of the People's Army and the People's Security Forces.

On May 23, a grand Ryanggang provincial report meeting dedicated to 35th anniversary of the victorious battle in the Musan area was held at the Taehongdan plains, the revolutionary battle site.

The meeting place was pervaded with attendants' infinite loyalty to and reverence for the great leader. To loud strains of the welcome music a huge basket of flowers in the joint names of the CC of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a basket of flowers in the name of anti-Japanese fighters and many other baskets of flowers from different organs in the province were laid before the Monument to the Victorious Battle in the Musan Area.

At the meeting Comrade Rim Su Man, Chairman of the Ryanggang Provincial People's Committee, delivered a report in commemoration of the victorious battle.

The youth and students in the province held a meeting, where they pledged themselves to be boundlessly loyal to the leader.

On the same day a joint meeting of organizations of the Korean Young Pioneers Corps in the District No. 5 took place.

And the members of the art circle of the Samjiyon county gave colourful performance in the House of Mass Culture in the county. The youth and children there held a soiree in the evening.

The working people and youth who observed the 35th anniversary of the victory of the historic battle in the Musan area renewed their strong determination to carry forward our Party's revolutionary traditions established by the leader from generation to generation and keep up vigorous struggle, holding aloft the unquenchable torch of the revolution, the banner of struggle, till they win the cause of socialism and communism promoted by the leader.

Li Chang Gyu

Big Leap in Production of Ordered Equipment under the Uplifted Banner of "Speed-up Campaign"

Workers in the field of the engineering industry of Korea increased the production of ordered equipment 50 per cent in the recent one month compared with the monthly average in the first quarter of the year by dashing forward like the wind at "a new Chollima speed, a new Pyongyang speed"—"the loyalty speed".

In his New Year Address this year and his teachings at the National Congress on Industry the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung assigned the workers in the field of engineering industry the honourable task to satisfy the demand of different branches of the national economy for ordered equipment.

This year, a year of construction, more ordered equipment than any other year is needed in various fields of our national economy.

Accepting the teaching of the leader with allegiance, as their unshakable faith, the machine builders set themselves a target to turn out much more ordered equipment this year than last year holding high the banner of "speed-up campaign".

The workers of the Chollima Ryongsong Machine Plant have lifted the production of ordered equipment 4 times compared with the monthly average result in the first quarter of the year.

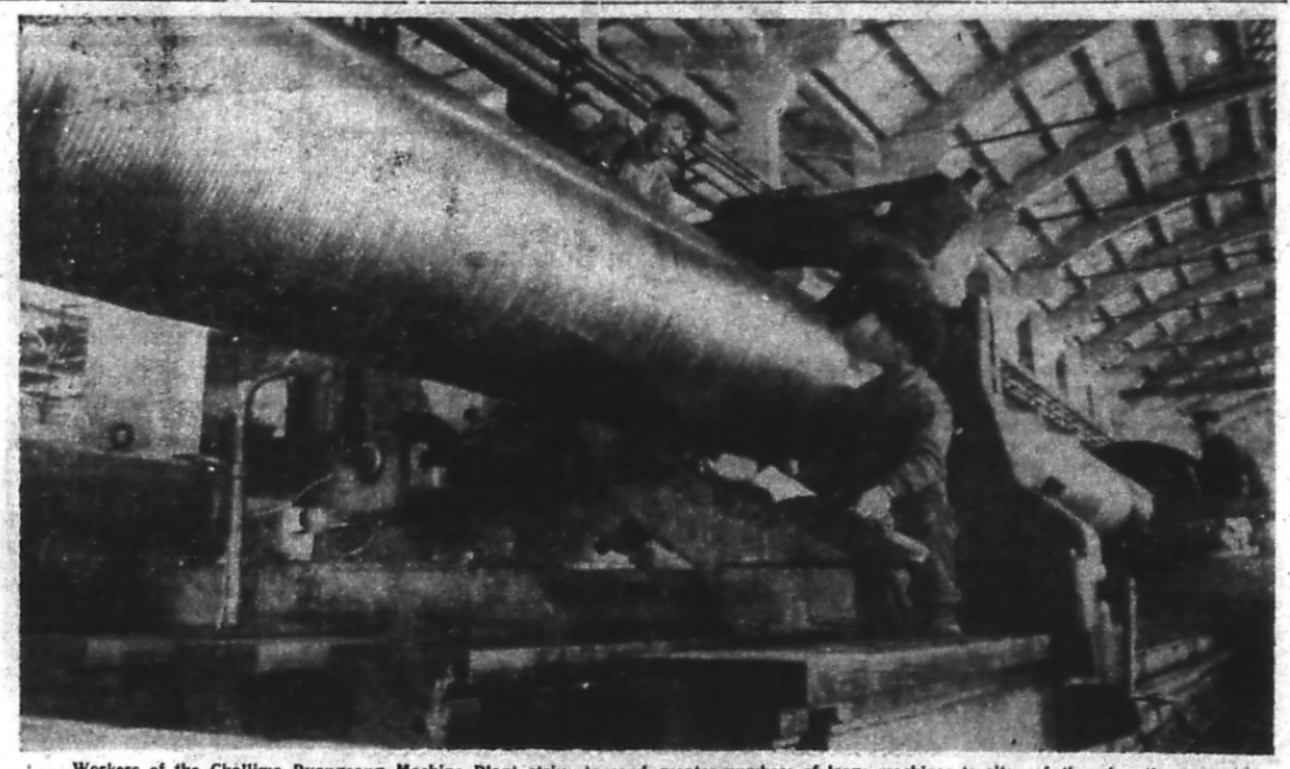
The workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machinery Plant have raised the output of different kinds of electric equipment 60 per cent over the daily average of the previous month.

Machine builders never fail to fulfil their plans in the production of ordered equipment needed for the expansion projects of the Kim Chaek Iron Works and the Musan Mine and the construction of the Sodusu Power Station and the Youth Chemical Factory and other major projects.

Especially, the workers in charge of the production of chemical equipment finished in time the production of over 40,000 sets of ordered equipment for the expansion projects of the nitro-lime and phosphorous fertilizer factories and the development of mines for raw materials of phosphorous fertilizer.

The workers in the field of engineering industry of the country are vigorously dashing forward to scale the height of 5 million tons of machinery and equipment in the near future under the uplifted revolutionary banner of the great "speed-up campaign" initiated by the Party centre.

Li Chol



Workers of the Chollima Ryongsong Machine Plant strive to send greater numbers of large machines to sites of the gigantic socialist construction

Movement for Multiplying Large-size Machine Tools Makes Brisk Headway

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"As we conducted the let-one-machine-tool-make-machine-tools movement in 1959, so we must wage a struggle to multiply large-size machine tools such as heavy boring machines, big lathes and huge turning lathes as an all-people campaign."

The demand for machine tools was rapidly increasing in our country in 1959 when the work for laying the foundations of the country's industrialization was going on vigorously. In order to solve this problem the leader initiated let-one-machine-tool-make-machine-tools movement at the Enlarged Meeting of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea held on May 4 of the same year.

At that time, in response to the leader's call that an all-mass movement be launched to multiply machine tools in all the factories where there were machine tools, our working class produced more than 13,000 machine tools over their planned quotas in only one year.

In this course the material and technical foundations of the machine-building industry have been further consolidated. It needs not recounting here that the people toppled the mystique and passivism surrounding machinery and technology that remained in their minds, and confirmed their conviction that everything can be done once they boldly tackle it.

The great movement which renders it possible to successfully carry out the revolutionary tasks by mobilizing the inexhaustible creative power of the masses is being conducted at a higher level in compliance with the demand of the present development of socialist construction in our country.

Our engineering industry is now faced with the task of meeting the new demand for machine tools at a time when the dynamic work is getting under way to fulfil the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule and build the groundwork for attainment of the magnificent ten major perspective goals of economic construction in accordance with the policy of grand socialist construction set forth by the leader at the Eighth Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the WPK. Greater quantities of large-size machine tools are required to build facilities necessary for the construction of big metallurgical, power, mining and chemical bases and for the manufacture of 100-ton class trucks, 10-cubic metre excavators, 20,000-ton class ships and many other heavy machines.

Grasping such requirements of our economic development, the leader gave instructions to produce huge machine tools through an all-people movement again.

Upholding the leader's call, our workers are now building large machine tools in an all-people movement with the same high creative stamina and in the same revolutionary spirit of self-reliance as they displayed in 1959 when the let-one-machine-tool-make-machine-tools movement was afoot.

The workers of the General Sungri Automobile Plant, raising aloft the revolutionary banner of the "speed-up campaign" initiated by the Party, pushed forward energetically the production of heavy-duty trucks and various other types of motor vehicles and manufactured on their own a comprehensive automatic processing machine for spiders.

The automatic processing machine made by them is a huge machine tool. Its economic effectiveness is very high. This machine whose all parts move automatically by oil pressure and electricity is able to process the objects automatically and all at once. It is an efficient machine which can boost the production more than 13 times, while saving the labour of 32 machine operators.

The manufacture of this machine relieved 9 universal machine tools previously used for production of shafts and different processes have been replenished with the new-type machines, which served to increase the production capacity of the crankshaft workshop more than 1.5-fold.

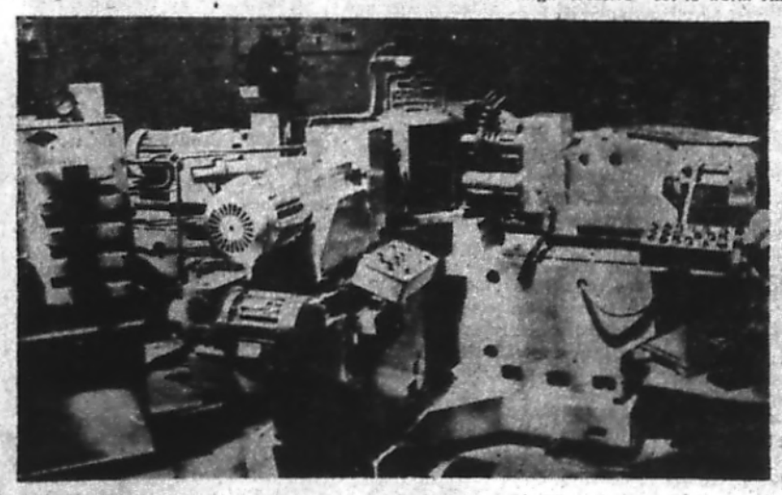
The machine-makers of the May 10 Factory, too, drew up designs from a broad viewpoint and boldly set to work. Thus, ore crusher cylinder processing machines, 6-metre gear-cutting machines and highly-efficient large machine tools have been multiplied, and this doubled the production capacity for ore crushers.

Not complacent with the successes already gained, they have set themselves the daring combat goal—to put out 8-metre planer, large hobbing machine, 10-metre turning lathe, 260-mm planing and boring machine and other kinds of highly-efficient large machine tools. Stepping up their work in a blitz way and by finish-one-by-one method, they have produced more than half of the parts and accessories of some large-size machine tools.

Besides, the workers of the youth processing workshop of the Hwanghae Iron and Steel Complex made a 400-mm universal planing and boring machine by themselves and the workers of the youth machine tool workshop of the Chongjin Steel Works manufactured a large-size face lathe 4 metres in height and 18 tons in weight.

As seen above, a vigorous movement for multiplying large-size machine tools is afoot at the factories and enterprises in different parts of our country to replace installations with modern, large-size and high-speed ones.

Sim Nung Mok



Comprehensive automatic processing machine for spiders newly manufactured at the General Sungri Automobile Plant

Convocation of a Great National Congress or a Political Consultative Meeting—an Urgent Task to Promote Korea's Reunification

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced again in his historic March 4 speech the save-the-nation proposal to cope with the difficult situation now prevailing in our country and find a fair solution to the problem of Korea's reunification.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"...we think that for its peaceful solution the question of reunification of the country should not be discussed only between the authorities of the north and the south, but be referred to the entire nation for discussion.

"In this connection, we propose once again to convene a Great National Congress or a North-South Political Consultative Meeting participated in by the representatives of all political parties and social organizations and personages of all strata in the north and the south, apart from the existing North-South Coordination Commission."

The leader's proposal is a brilliant application of the great Juche idea to the solution of the reunification question—the idea that one is responsible for one's own destiny and that one has also the capacity for hewing out one's own destiny. It is most reasonable and realistic, because this proposal is designed to promote a great unity of the nation by enlisting the representatives of all political parties and social organizations and personages of all strata of the north and south in the dialogue and negotiation and thus prevent a perpetual division of the nation and successfully achieve national reunification in conformity with the will and interests of all the Korean people.

The question of Korea's reunification itself requires a nationwide discussion as a principle for its solution.

As for the question of our country's reunification, it is a matter of restoring to their original state—reunify them as one—the territory and nation that have been kept split artificially by US imperialism for nearly 30 years. It is a question which concerns the vital demand of our nation for driving the US imperialist aggressors out of our territory and achieving complete independence of our country.

It, therefore, cannot be a question which affects only the interests of a party and a section of the people, nor can it be settled by the efforts of a few specified persons alone.

It is a common cause of the nation which should be participated in by all the patriotic forces of various strata. That is to say, it is the common cause in which all the Korean people, who oppose national split and demand national reunification should participate regardless of religious faith, social positions and past doings, whether they are communists, democrats or nationalists.

If the broad popular masses, the masters of the country, are barred from taking part in the solution of the reunification question, foreign intervention will be unavoidable and it will be impossible to find a solution which conforms to the interests of the whole nation and people, because a party or the privileged circles will use this question for their own interests.

Therefore, for independent and peaceful settlement of the problem of national reunification, it is necessary to refer this question to the entire nation for discussion as suggested by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, instead of discussing it only between the authorities of the north and the south. It will be solved successfully only when the broad sections of the patriotic forces of the north and south get together at a Great National Congress or a North-South Political Consultative Meeting and hold open-hearted discussion on how to deliver the country out of difficulty.

To call a Great National Congress or a North-South Political Consultative Meeting and discuss the reunification question on a nationwide scale—this has become a task of greater urgency, now that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, instigated by the US imperialists and Japanese militarists, have become more undisguised than ever in their manoeuvres to keep the nation split.

Wirepulled by the US and Japanese aggressors, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique put forward a ridiculous proposal to conclude a "non-aggression pact" with us, leaving the US imperialist aggressor forces to stay in south Korea. This is another nefarious, treacherous act of selling the country, an act intended for perpetual split of the nation.

Particularly in recent days the US imperialist aggressors have increased the military "aid" to south Korea. They have committed grave military provocations by sending repeatedly their high-speed, high-altitude reconnaissance planes into the air space of the northern half of the Republic to commit espionage acts. In step with this, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have proclaimed murderous "emergency measures" in succession to intensify the fascist suppression as never before and have been making frenzied preparations for a war. At the same time, they have been kicking up large-scale "anti-communist" racket. All these result in aggravating the situation in our country to the extreme.

The prevailing situation demands that all those who are concerned about the destiny of the country and the nation unite as one and turn out in the nationwide struggle to save the nation—to smash resolutely the manoeuvres of the splittists at home and abroad and accelerate the peaceful reunification of the country.

True, the personages representing all strata of the nation should get together in one place at the earliest possible date for unreserved discussion in order to dispel the deep-seated misunderstanding and mistrust between the north and south, promote mutual understanding and solve the reunification question in conformity with the interests of our people and by the efforts of the people themselves.

(Continued on Page 4)

Great Exploits Performed by Chongryon under the Banner of Immortal Juche Idea

We, together with our 600,000 compatriots in Japan, greet the significant 19th anniversary of the formation of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

Chongryon was formed on May 25, 1955 under the wise leadership and deep concern of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, with his immortal Juche idea as the guiding compass and taking over the glorious revolutionary traditions established by him.

With the formation of Chongryon, the Koreans in Japan who had been condemned to all sorts of national humiliation and contempt in an alien land for a long time, came to have for the first time in their life a genuine organization representing and championing their interests and became able to successfully carry out their sacred patriotic work with their united strength.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung stated:

"...though the conditions were difficult owing to the ceaseless subversive and sabotaging manoeuvres of the enemies within and without, Chongryon correctly worked out the policy of the movement of Koreans in Japan only on the basis of the Juche idea of our Party and skilfully organized and mobilized the masses of compatriots in the struggle for its implementation without the slightest vacillation, thereby adding lustre to the honour of being an organization of overseas citizens of Juche Korea and performing great exploits for the fatherland and the nation."

Over the last 19 years, Chongryon, thanks to the profound solicitude and care of the leader, smashed the vicious disruptive activities of the US and Japanese reactionaries and the south Korean puppet clique and made great achievements without precedent in the history of the overseas nationals movements of the world.

Chongryon set it as the foremost task to firmly arm all the Chongryon functionaries and Korean nationals in Japan with the revolutionary idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Juche idea, and conducted energetic activities.

As a result, all the Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan have thoroughly established the revolutionary trait of absolutizing the teaching of the leader, accepting it unconditionally and carrying it through to the end.

Furthermore, through its vigorous work to expand its ranks, Chongryon has strengthened and developed into a dignified and powerful organization embracing 49 headquarters, more than 300 chapters, over 2,000 branches and some 30 independent bodies and trade associations. In all parts of Japan where Koreans live, the Chongryon organizations are active and they skillfully organize and mobilize the compatriots in the patriotic work.

Chongryon has thoroughly established the ideological system of Juche in all its organizations from the centre down to branches and firmly maintained the unity of its contingents based on the Juche idea and thus it has been able to defend the democratic, national rights of the Koreans in Japan and add lustre to the honour of the fatherland.

It has made great progress in the struggle for defending the national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan including their DPRK citizenship and their rights to enterprise and home-coming and for realizing free travel to the socialist fatherland and third countries.

National education holds a very important place in the work to defend the national rights and dignity of our fellow countrymen in Japan.

Chongryon set up 158 regular schools at all levels from the primary to the university course in different parts of Japan and has educated and trained numerous young people to be national cadres loyal to the leader, fine workers who would reliably serve their home country and Chongryon.

By launching an extensive movement for finding out Koreans, Chongryon has enlarged the ranks of students attending Korean schools. At the same time a vigorous movement for learning the Korean language and letters has been launched among the compatriots and great success achieved in this movement.

So far, Chongryon has exerted all efforts to realize the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland, the supreme task of the nation.

While promoting in every way the national unity with the compatriots of all strata including those under "Mindan" ("ROK" residents association in Japan), Chongryon exposed and denounced the criminal scheme of the US and Japanese reactionaries and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to perpetuate the division of Korea and actively supported and encouraged the patriotic struggle of the south Korean people.

Now Chongryon plays an important part in the struggle of the Korean people to shatter the "two Koreas" plot of the splittists within and without and expedite the country's reunification.

Along with this, Chongryon conducted its external activities energetically in strict accordance with the independent foreign policy of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the DPRK, thereby making the Juche idea of the leader shine with greater brilliance and greatly strengthened the international solidarity with the peoples of Japan and other countries of the world.

All these successes made by Chongryon in the past period are a shining victory of the immortal Juche idea of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a precious fruition of his wise leadership and paternal solicitude.

The leader founded the original idea on the overseas nationals movement, advanced the guiding theory of the movement of Koreans in Japan, indicated the task facing Chongryon in each period and ways for its implementation and lavished much care on the work and life of the Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan in every respect.

For one thing, the leader saw to it that more than 16,206,683,000 yen (in Japanese currency) of educational aid funds and scholarships were sent to Chongryon on 55 occasions for the children of the Korean nationals in Japan.

Marking the 19th anniversary of the formation of Chongryon, the functionaries of Chongryon and the compatriots in Japan are now overwhelmed with the feeling of reverence for and gratitude to the great leader who always guides all the Korean people including those abroad along the path of victory and glory and takes them to his all-embracing heart, showing profound affection for them, and are filled with an unshakable determination to practice loyalty to him forever.

They will continue to advance towards a more brilliant victory under the uplifted banner of the Juche idea, not resting on their laurels.

Li Jip

Song and dance "Six hundred thousand Koreans wish long life and good health to the leader"

Loyalty Pean to Marshal KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

Korean Art Troupe in Japan Comes to Homeland to Join in Celebration of the 62nd Birthday of the Leader and Gives Performance

The Korean Art Troupe in Japan came here to join in the celebrations of the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, and put on the stage the music and dance pieces they had produced in all sincerity as a token of the loyalty of the 600,000 Koreans in Japan to him. The performance, given in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, and local towns such as Hamhung, Wonsan and Nampo, deeply moved and gladdened all the audience and televiewers here.

It was premiered at the grand assembly hall of the People's Palace of Culture on April 14, a day before the most auspicious national holiday. The Palace had been inaugurated a few days earlier. The performance was honoured with the presence of the fatherly leader whom the art troupe members had longed for, awake or asleep.

Dance "We'll defend the DPRK flag at the risk of our lives!"

Curtain rises. An actress appears on the stage and recites a pean dedicated to the fatherly leader Marshal Kim Il Sung:

"The respected and beloved fatherly leader!
We had been taken to Japan
Across the Korea Strait, shedding tears of blood,
And some were born and bred in Japan.
Not an opportunity was given us
To tread on the soil of our motherland.
So, it was our long-cherished desire
To have the honour of meeting you our beloved leader.
Now, we've come to be in your embrace
Crossing the ruffled Sea of the East
By ship "Mangyongbong" you've sent.
Every year April came and flower bloomed,
But our hearts ached, unable to see you,
For we were in an alien land
Where the enemies swarm about.
Now, we are here to join all the people in the motherland
In celebrating your 62nd birthday.
To you we cordially extend the warmest congratulations and greatest honour
With deepest reverence and intense loyalty
On behalf of the 600,000 Koreans in Japan..."

This pean fully reflects the ardent desire of the 600,000 Koreans in Japan to remain loyal to the fatherly leader, holding him in high esteem, till the end of sun and moon—the fatherly leader who gives them great love and favours. The chorus "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and other numbers overflow with such feelings.

The people are impressed by the song and dance "Six hundred thousand Koreans wish long life and good health to the leader" for it expresses their best wishes for the leader and admiration for Mangyongdae by simple but gracious rhythmical motion.

The chorus "Move forward holding high the banner of Kim Il Sung-ism!" sings of the iron-strong will of the Koreans in Japan who live and struggle with unshakable faith in the leader's immortal Juche idea and under the uplifted banner of this idea.

"Great Immortal Juche idea
That beacons mankind.
Our Chongryon loyal to the leader
Will treasure it forever
As an eternal faith.
Six hundred thousand Koreans
Will move forward under the banner of ever-victorious Kim Il Sung-ism!"

The dance "Receiving the leader's presents, national musical instruments" gives an impressive representation of the fruitful life of the Koreans in Japan. The performers sing and dance to the music accompaniment of the national instruments, the gifts from the leader.

The dramatic sketch made up of songs and words "Three brother-businessmen enjoy great favours" impressively and truthfully depicts how the Korean businessmen in Japan found a way to genuine patriotism and have been living a worthwhile life under the great favour granted by the leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The Chongryon firmly established the ideological system of Juche among its cadres and the masses of the fellow countrymen and strengthened the political and ideological unity and cohesion of its ranks under that system and built up its organizations to become a reliable overseas citizens organization that serves the cause of our nation."

The Chongryon and the Koreans in Japan materialized the leader's immortal Juche idea in all domains of their life and patriotic activities and made a great achievement the like of which is rare in the overseas nationals movement.

The performance of the Korean Art Troupe from Japan well illustrates high national pride of the Chongryon workers and patriotic Koreans in Japan who armed themselves with the leader's revolutionary ideas and guided only by the Juche idea of the Workers' Party of Korea, are waging dynamic struggle for democratic national rights and the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. At the same time it portrays the white-hot patriotism of the 600,000 Korean nationals in Japan for the socialist fatherland.

The dance "We'll defend the DPRK flag at the risk of our lives!" is characterized by the dynamic militant rhythm and well-balanced composition in the representation of the unbending revolutionary spirit and warm patriotic feelings of the Koreans in Japan who are resolutely fighting to defend the flag of the DPRK in the teeth of the enemy's suppression.

All other numbers presented by the art troupe leave deep impression upon the audience for their revolutionary, patriotic and militant contents, for the truthful representation of life and for the perfect artistic skill. They include the duet "Our tax- free country under the leader's guidance" which sings of the joy of overseas citizens of the first tax-free country hitherto-unknown in human history; the dance "High is our pride!" that represents the honour and pride emanating from their fruitful life in close unity under the Chongryon organizations; song and dance "We will surely reunify our country"; solo "Motherland gives us warm love"; chorus "Comrades, let's dash ahead!"

The performance given by the Korean Art Troupe which visited here from Japan to celebrate the 62nd birthday of the fatherly leader is a pean of fervent loyalty of the 600,000 Koreans in Japan to the fatherly leader. It is a brilliant success of Juche art that is blooming admirably under the adverse circumstances in a foreign country.

Kim Yun Sik

"Kingdom of Children"

From "Korean travel notes" by Shoji Matsumoto (Japan)

Korean children are really cheerful and healthy. During my stay in the DPRK, I received warm welcome of boys and girls everywhere I went. When I alighted from my plane at Pyongyang Airport, Korean children gave us Young Pioneers' salute and a girl presented me a bunch of flowers. From that moment till my departure I felt I was always with children of the Republic.

In Korea children are most valued. Students and children's palaces erected in different places are symbolic of the government's deep concern for children.

"There is not a king in our country. But children are regarded as kings"—this is what President Kim Il Sung said. In the "palace" children engage in circle activities after school and develop their tastes and special abilities. The buildings of students and children's palaces demonstrate their grand appearance.

The famous Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace covers an area of 110,000 square metres and its floor space is 50,000 square metres. It has nearly 500 rooms for circle activities, plus a theatre with a seating capacity of 1,300 and an indoor stadium with 1,400 seats. The palace has two theatres, so to speak. Besides, it has a picture hall, recreation rooms and playing rooms. All these facilities are at the service of children. Every day more than 10,000 school boys and girls learn here, divided into nearly 200 groups.

In addition to students and children's palaces in Pyongyang and Kaesong, we visited the Sogam Central Young Pioneers' Camp located in the suburbs of Pyongyang and spent half a day with children. We also inspected the nursery school and kindergarten attached to Chongsanri Co-op Farm, Pyongyang March 8 Kindergarten, Pyongyang Ryongbuk Middle School and Wonsan Secondary Orphans School.

The first thing I admired as I observed the life of children and sites of education is that education was being conducted in close combination with productive labour. They maintain that theory and practice, knowledge and reality, are indivisible. So, children are encouraged to combine these two aspects from childhood. In the work-rooms and class-rooms we found a tractor and various farm implements and machines. These help children acquaint themselves with the rudiments of industrial and agricultural production. Recognizing things through experience and gaining knowledge without being divorced from production—this is the true education, I can say.

The second thing I was impressed at is that they learn the revolutionary history of the fatherland and prospects for future from early age. The "Study Room of Revolutionary Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" can be found in every school, from kindergarten to university. To become future revolutionaries the "kings" learn the revolutionary spirit and knowledge under best conditions. When they grow up, they will propagate the history of their country, the history of the nation to the "kings" of the next generation.

When I visited the Pyongyang March 8 Kindergarten I saw girls folding colored papers. "What are you doing?" asked one of us. "We are making ships to carry plenty of gifts to be sent to the children in south Korea," they answered. Even in paper folding, they are taught in the patriotic spirit—the earnest desire to reunify their country independently and peacefully. All that the children learn are related to the past history of Korea and the prospects for future.

The third thing that moved me as I met the children of the Republic is that the children are encouraged to be accustomed to the collective life from the moment they were born. "One for all and all for one"—this is the slogan often heard during my stay there. As provided in the Socialist Constitution of the DPRK all children are brought up at the state and public expenses. That is, from infancy to the working age, they grow and learn under equal conditions. Accordingly, the parents are free from such egoistic idea of sending their children to the first-class, famous schools as we see in Japan.

I was told that 10,000 middle school students visit the Sogam Central Young Pioneers' Camp every year. All expenses including travelling fees are free, of course.

Indeed, Korea is the Children's Kingdom.

HAPPY NEW GENERATIONS

Whenever I look at lovely children of ours who are growing healthily, I recall to my mind the lofty intention of the fatherly leader Marshal Kim Il Sung who attaches great importance to their education and upbringing under any circumstances.

He said:

"True, the socialized upbringing of so many children is a heavy burden for the state, and a difficult task. But by all means we should accomplish this task for the future of our dear children, for the future of the country and the nation. We are carrying on the revolution and construction entirely for the sake of our coming generations, and, therefore, why should we spare efforts in bringing up our children?"

The fatherly leader spares nothing for the younger generations, always showing his warm love and deep concern for them. It dates far back to the years of the anti-Japanese armed struggle. In the depth of a winter he made certain that the Children's Corps members were clad in well-wadded clothes and provided with warm bedding, though he himself managed to get along in thin clothes. Furthermore, he took measures to build schools for their education. After liberation of the country his concern for children was great as ever. He saw to it that the problem of pencil for children's use was placed on the first agenda of the first meeting of the North Korean Provisional People's Committee held in the initial stage of the building of a new, democratic Korea. During the grim Fatherland Liberation War, he took measures to bring up all the war orphans at state expenses. In the postwar rehabilitation period our country was in difficulty. And yet what was built first among others were schools, nurseries and kindergartens thanks to his solicitude. He took communist measures to bring up our young generations—children of our working people—at state and public expenses. He gave them the best things, with a remark that the children in our country are the "king".

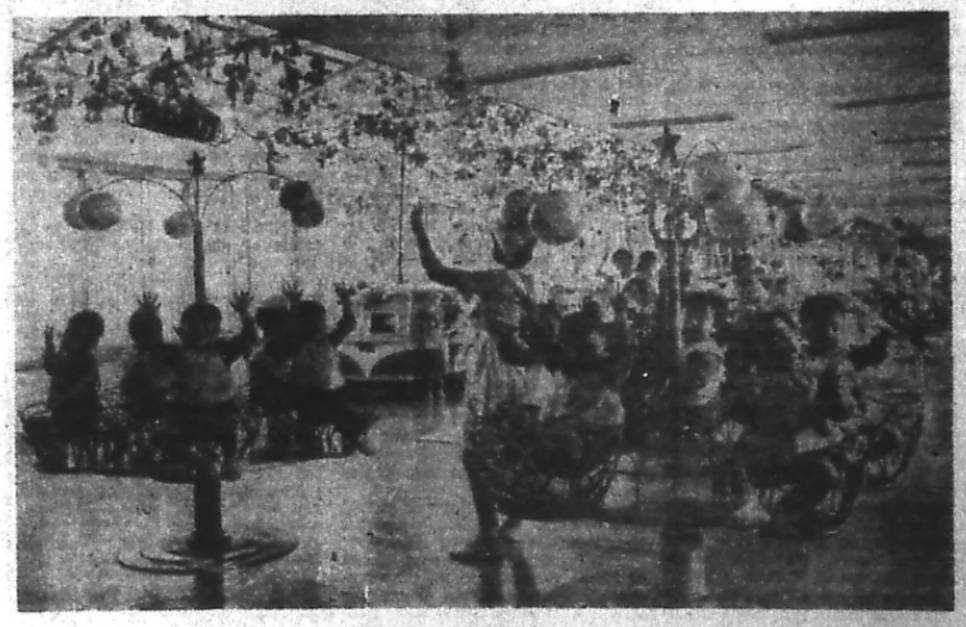
A brief account of our Pyongyang September 15 Week Nursery may suffice it to show the leader's love and care for children. People call our magnificent and well-furnished nursery a "babies palace". A five storied building has children's living-rooms, snack rooms, bath rooms and barber's shop in each story. And there is a pediatric ward. A three-storied building has dining rooms. Nor is this all. We have three spacious indoor playgrounds furnished with modern facilities, eight play rooms where hundreds of toys are available for children's emotional and intelligential development, dance halls, tricycle race rooms, water-jetting pool and three outdoor playgrounds.

In this well-appointed nursery over 800 babies are served with 1,600 calories per day. They are given medical examination every day. The benefit each receives from the state amounts to 1,500 won a year. Before the liberation it was something inconceivable for even the rich in bringing up their children.

A broad vista is opened before these children now growing up happily, for they are to cover the course of kindergarten and receive the ten-year senior middle school education.

Of course, those who enjoy a happy life are not confined to the children in our nursery alone. Those who are brought up under the state and public care number more than 3.5 million in our country. This owes to the leader's deep concern. In all parts of our country there are well-built nurseries, kindergartens, schools, pediatric wards, children's parks, children's department stores, children's palaces. Added to these are children's clothes factories, children's foodstuffs factories, children's footwear factories and so forth. Frankly speaking, I am often moved to tears at the thought of the leader's paternal affection and solicitude for children. It is quite natural that a foreigner says: "the sweet home for the coming generations is the broad bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung."

Choe Sun Hi, Assistant Manager of the Pyongyang September 15 Week Nursery



Children sing of their happiness to their hearts' content in the warm embrace of the fatherly leader

Functions Held in Celebration of Fifth Anniv. of Victorious May Revolution in Sudan

On the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the victory of the May revolution in Sudan, a "week of friendship between Korea and Sudan" (May 25-31, 1974) was established in our country. During the week a mass meeting and various other functions were held.

A grand mass rally marking the fifth anniversary of the victorious May revolution in Sudan was held at the People's Palace of Culture on the evening of May 26.

Put in place of honour on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, and a portrait of President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri, the outstanding leader of the Sudanese people. On both sides of the portraits the national flags of Korea and Sudan were hung.

Attending the rally together with working people in the capital were Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council, and other personnel concerned.

Invited to the meeting were the members of the delegation of the Sudan Socialist Union headed by Mohamed Hashim Awad, Member of the General Secretariat of the Sudan Socialist Union and Secretary General for Development and Service of the SSU, on a visit to Korea.

At the rally which began with the playing of the national anthem of Sudan and the Patriotic Song of our country, Rim Hyong Gu, Chairman of the Committee of Service for the People, made a speech.

In his speech he enthusiastically welcomed the delegation of the SSU and extended, on behalf of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic, warm felicitations and militant greetings to the SSU and the Government and the people of Sudan headed by His Excellency Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri, the outstanding leader of the Sudanese people, on their significant national holiday.

The speaker quoted the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching: **"The victory of the May revolution opened a new page in the history of the Sudanese people and dealt a heavy blow at the enemy".** Then he hailed the success made by the Sudanese people and expressed the firm solidarity of the Korean people with them in their just cause.

Saying that the Korean people are firmly united with the peoples of the third world countries who represent a great motive force advancing the history of mankind as a great revolutionary force of our time, he reaffirmed the immovable stand of our people to go hand in hand with the Sudanese people in the common struggle against imperialism and for creation of a new life.

Head of the delegation Mohamed Hashim Awad spoke next. He first conveyed the greetings of President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people.

The Sudanese people, he said, are closely watching the triumphant advance of the Korean people who are building socialism at Chollima speed on the basis of the great Juche idea created by the respected and beloved leader Comrade President Kim Il Sung. He referred to the enormous achievements made by the Korean people.

He also touched upon the successes registered by the Sudanese people under the leadership of President Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri.

Concluding his speech, he emphasized that the Sudanese people will continue to support the struggle of the Korean people to attain the reunification of the country according to the policy put forward by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and pointed out that the faithful friends in the third world are supporting the Korean people.

The meeting ended with the playing of the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of Sudan.

The Korean Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and the Korea-Sudan Friendship Association sponsored a photo exhibition and film show dedicated to the fifth anniversary of the victory of the May revolution in Sudan, which were held in the People's Palace of Culture on the evening of the same day.

Han Dok Yon

CC, DPRK Red Cross Society Issues Statement Denouncing Reactionary Japanese Authorities' Political Bargain with S. Korean Puppets Over Remains of Koreans

The Japanese authorities must give up at once the criminal manoeuvres to use the lofty humanitarian question pertaining to the interests of the entire Korean people for their political purpose in collusion with the south Korean puppets.

We will never tolerate any aggressive bargain the Japanese authorities strike with the Pak Jung Hi clique.

If the reactionary Japanese authorities and the south Korean puppets, defying our warning, persistently deal with the question of remains contrary to the interests of the entire Korean people, they will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising therefrom.

So declared the Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in its statement published on May 22 denouncing the reactionary Japanese authorities for holding a political bargaining with the south Korean puppets over the remains of Koreans who fell victims to the Japanese imperialists' aggression on Korea in the past.

The statement pointed to the fact that the Japanese authorities have already decided to hand over to the south Korean puppets the remains of 2,081 Koreans (including reportedly hundreds of those whose native places are in the northern half of the DPRK) who were taken by force to Japan and victimized during the Second World War.

The statement said:

As for the question of remains, it is a matter which arose due to the Japanese imperialists who occupied Korea and enforced the vicious colonial rule in the past. The solution of this question is directly connected with the problem of atoning for the crimes the Japanese reactionaries committed against the Korean people in the former days.

Therefore, the Japanese authorities are under unavoidable obligation to settle the question of remains in conformity with the interests of the entire Korean people.

It is quite natural that this question concerning the entire Korean people should not be settled arbitrarily without the consent of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea genuinely representing the interests and will of the Korean people.

This notwithstanding, the Japanese authorities are trying to settle this question with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the statement noted, and said:

This is an open expression of the hostile policy historically pursued by the reactionary government of Japan towards our Republic and a link in its vicious manoeuvres to further step up its reinvasion of south Korea.

This is also part of the last resort of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to prolong their remaining days and have a showdown with the northern half by offering south Korea to the Japanese militarists and relying on their strength.

We cannot overlook the criminal act of the Japanese militarists and the south Korean puppets to use the question of the remains of Koreans for a foul purpose, stressed the statement.

Man-hunting Barbarity of Israeli Robbers

Recently, the Israeli aggressors, the lackeys of US imperialism, perpetrated indiscriminate bombings by 50 planes against many towns and villages and Palestinians' residential quarters in Lebanon. Owing to this, scores of defenceless inhabitants lost their lives and several hundred people got wounded in the peaceable populated areas of Lebanon.

The bombing raids of the Israeli aggressors on Lebanon is a wanton encroachment upon her security and sovereignty and a ferocious terrorism for mass slaughter of peaceable population.

This once again reveals clearly for all to see the brigandish nature of the Israeli aggressors as devilish murderers who are not only always covetous of Arab territories but are also thirsty for the blood of the Arab peoples. Further, this shows that the US imperialists and their stooges Israeli aggressors clamour about "peace in the Middle East" and "peaceful settlement" but in fact they have not given up their wild ambition of aggression against the Middle East countries.

By no military threat, however, can the Israeli aggressors break the indomitable fighting spirit of the Arab and Palestinian peoples who are determined to defend national dignity, restore the occupied Arab land and liberate Palestine.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The Korean people positively support the just struggle of the Arab peoples and express firm solidarity with them."

Overcoming all difficulties and obstacles, the Palestinian people are now waging a decisive struggle to take back their country from the Zionists and achieve national independence. This struggle of the Palestinian people is a righteous struggle for national liberation that nobody can hold in check.

For its justness the Palestinian people's struggle commands the active support and encouragement of the third world people and the progressive peoples of the whole world.

The Israeli aggressors encouraged by US imperialism must stop at once the manoeuvres of aggression and provocation against the Arab countries and recognize the restoration of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people.

If the Israeli aggressors at the instigation of the US imperialists persist in their manoeuvres of aggression and provocation against the Palestinian and Arab peoples, they will be further isolated from and rejected by the people of the Middle East and the rest of the world and will never escape final ruin.

Kim Dong Ok

Our Sportsmen Achieve Good Results in International Games

Pak Yong Sun Places First at Five-Nation Table Tennis Friendship Tournament

Women table tennis players of our country who had trained their Juche-based sports technique under the great love and profound solicitude and care of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung carried away gold medal in the women's individual event and silver medal in the women's team event at the Five-Nation Table Tennis Friendship Tournament held in Peking, thus brilliantly demonstrating the great vitality of Juche-based sports and displaying again the honour of the fatherland.

In the women's individual event our young player Pak Yong Sun won the games.

In the quarter-final Pak Yong Sun defeated Chinese girl Chen Hui-yun 3—2.

The semi-final between Pak Yong Sun and Sachiko Yokoda, Japanese champion, on the afternoon of May 18 drew the attention of 18,000 table tennis fans in the stadium.

She played the final with Chinese player Hu Yui-lan, the world woman champion, who took first place at the 32nd World Table Tennis Championships.

Pak Yong Sun placed first by displaying a staunch fighting spirit and high technique and defeating her 3—1 (21—15, 21—19, 14—21, 23—21).

She is the only player who did not lose a single match in the women's team event and singles in the tournament.

Meanwhile, in the women's team event, our girls came off the runner-up by beating 3—0 the Japanese team, the winner in the women's team event at the Second Asian Table Tennis Championships held in Yokohama, Japan, in early April and European strong teams—the Yugoslav team 3—0 and Swedish team 3—2.

Our Team Wins 17 Gold Medals at International Model Plane Competitions

The team of our country won 17 gold medals and one silver medal at the international model plane competitions held in the German Democratic Republic by placing first in the total points of all-category team events and in the glider and rubber-propelled plane team events.

Korean ground aviators Li Song Chan and Paek Chang Son carried away first prize respectively in the individual glider and rubber-propelled plane events and Kim Jong Hui second prize in the individual motor-driven plane event.

Li Byong Uk Comes First in International Boxing Match

The boxing team of the Korean People's Army participated in the international boxing contests in Hungary. Contending with boxers from 10 countries Li Byong Uk of our boxing team won gold medal and prize of special skill in the 48 kg weight class.

First Working-level Meeting of North-South Red Cross Talks to Be Held on July 10

The 7th meeting between delegates to the North-South Red Cross talks was held at Panmunjom at 10 a.m. May 29.

At the sitting the problem concerning the date, composition and procedural matters of the working-level meeting was discussed as agreed upon at the 6th meeting.

It was agreed at the sitting at the proposal of our side that the delegation of each side to the working-level meeting be formed of the deputy head, two members of its delegation to the Red Cross talks and four suite members, that the procedural matters of the meeting and other business-like questions be settled according to usage and that the first working-level meeting be held at 10 a.m. July 10.

The delegate of our side emphasized that at the forthcoming working-level meeting too our side will continue to make all earnest and sincere efforts to remove obstacles to resumption of the full-dress talks and to have the talks as early as possible.

(KCNA)

Victory Is in Store for South Vietnamese People

The South Vietnamese people greet the 5th anniversary of the establishment of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam.

On this occasion the Korean people extend warm congratulations and greetings to the heroic South Vietnamese people.

The establishment of the RSVN PRG on June 6, 1969 was a historic landmark in the revolutionary struggle and life of the South Vietnamese people.

In the past five years, the RSVN PRG played admirably its role as the genuine legitimate representation of the South Vietnamese people and the militant banner of the people who rose in the righteous struggle against US imperialism and for national salvation. In this period the great victory was achieved.

Under the correct leadership of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the RSVN PRG the South Vietnamese people and their armed forces, together with their compatriots in the North, fought heroically disregarding all difficulties and sacrifices. Finally, the US imperialists fell to their knees before the Vietnamese people, signed the ceasefire agreement and were compelled to withdraw their aggressive army from South Viet Nam.

This is not only a great victory of the Vietnamese people, but also a common victory of the Asian people and world's peace-loving people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"The US imperialists who sustained the ignominious defeat at the hands of the Vietnamese people are manoeuvring to disturb peace in Indochina and maintain their neo-colonialist domination over South Viet Nam without renouncing their aggressive ambition and in flagrant violation of the Paris agreement on Viet Nam."

The RSVN PRG, together with the DRVN Government, has strictly observed all the provisions of the ceasefire agreement and implemented them and has made every sincere effort for national rapprochement and peace in South Viet Nam up to this date ever since it was signed.

The US imperialists, however, instead of drawing serious lessons from the ignominious defeat sustained in Viet Nam and Indochina, have been engrossed in crafty manoeuvres to establish a neo-colonialist rule in South Viet Nam by keeping Viet Nam divided indefinitely and making the Vietnamese fight Vietnamese.

They have given a huge sum of dollars and up-to-date destruction weapons to Thieu puppet clique of South Viet Nam and egged them on to "eating-out operation" against the liberated areas without letup in systematic violation of the ceasefire agreement in Viet Nam.

Owing to the perfidious provocative acts of the US imperialists and their lackeys peace and national harmony have not been restored yet and the situation has become complicated in South Viet Nam.

The Korean people scathingly condemn the reckless manoeuvres of the US imperialists and their minions to continually aggravate tension in Viet Nam.

Now, the voice opposing US imperialism and calling for independence is becoming louder day by day in all parts of Asia. US imperialism must take their hands off Viet Nam and quit all areas of Indochina without delay.

The Korean people are convinced that the South Vietnamese people who mark the 5th anniversary of the establishment of the RSVN PRG will make new achievements in their future struggle to consolidate the already-won victory, accomplish the tasks of national-liberation revolution and attain peaceful reunification of the country.

"Anti-Communist" Clamour of Stupids

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's "anti-communist" clamour is getting more frenzied in south Korea today.

Recently, at the "joint meeting of administration and the government party" of the puppet regime traitor Pak Jung Hi let out a whole battery of hokum to link their "national crisis" with us and stressed the "need to strengthen anti-communist education".

After that, on May 20 the minister of education of the puppet regime appeared at the "seminar on the program of moral science" and harped on the same string.

Now, traitor Pak Jung Hi, completely isolated within and without, finds himself at the end of his tether. That is why he raised such "anti-communist" din to aggravate the north-south confrontation, freeze national split and step up bloody military fascist repression with a view to saving their catastrophic crisis and gratifying his greedy desire for long-term office.

For this purpose, the Pak Jung Hi fascist villains are launching a full-scale propaganda offensive against us, which is full of falsehood. Almost every day they talk nonsense that we attempt a "violent revolution" or seek "communist unification".

For one thing, a short time ago they arranged a farcical "prayers meeting against communism" near the Rimjin-gang River south of the Military Demarcation Line and chanted venomous "anti-communist" spell.

Last year, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique set May as a "month for defence of freedom" and forced students and civilians to attend "June 25 oratorical contest", "anti-communist composition contest" and the like. This year, too, with the day of June 25 drawing near, they are conducting a frenzied "anti-communist" campaign.

These "anti-communist" rackets of the puppet bandits are aimed to divert elsewhere the attention of the south Korean people including student youth fighting for democratization of society and the country's reunification, and dampen their anti-"government" sentiments. At the same time, it is a trick to cover up the criminal nature of the scoundrels engrossed in preparing a new war against the northern half of the Republic.

But, as they further kick up "anti-communist" fuss, the people's resistance and discontent grow. The south Korean people will never be deceived by such farces, because they are well aware through experience that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's "anti-communist" campaign will lead to prolonging territorial division and will bring only hardships, misfortunes and calamities to them.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique will get nothing from their "anti-communist" din.

History has proved that no force can "wipe out" communism.

Advocates of "anti-communist" campaign all ruined themselves.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must know that though they stick more stubbornly to reckless "anti-communist" clamour, giving themselves over to idle fancies, it will result in hastening their self-destruction.

Pak Hae Chon

US Imperialist Scheme to Reinforce Aggressive Armed Forces in South Korea

The US imperialists are planning to move to south Korea a group of "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bombers from Thailand, according to foreign press reports. This was revealed by the mouthings of US Air Force Secretary Mclucas who visited Japan during his Asian trip.

At a press conference held at the foreign correspondents club in Tokyo on May 22, this villain, one of US imperialist murderers, did not conceal the fact that the planned transfer of their aggressive air force was being prepared as a link of the aggressive military system.

It is a well-known fact that the US imperialists have brought to south Korea their aggressive air force units one after another from Japan proper and Okinawa.

The scheme of the US imperialists is an open expression of their intrigue to keep south Korea as an important military strategic point to bolster up their totally crumbling colonial ruling system in Asia. At the same time, it shows that they pursue the sinister aim of shoring up their colonial rule shaking beyond control due to the anti-fascist, anti-"government" struggle of the people in south Korea and of perpetuating the division of our country by making "Koreans fight among themselves" and creating "two Koreas" through the medium of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, in accordance with the notorious "Nixon doctrine".

They are working feverishly to draw even the Japanese militarists in such aggressive intrigue. This was made clear when Mclucas raved at the press conference that he could foresee the time when the Japanese Self-Defence Forces would become larger and carry out a mission outside Japan. It goes without saying that the villain had in mind our country which the Japanese militarists have chosen as the first target of their overseas aggression when he twaddled that the Japanese militarist armed forces of aggression revived and rearmed by the US imperialists would discharge a "mission outside Japan".

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"Having turned south Korea into their colony and military base and driven south Korean society into the depths of ruin, the US imperialists are constantly threatening peace in Korea by aggravating tension. They are obstructing the reunification of our country by resorting to all sorts of sinister schemes".

All facts indicate that without expelling the US imperialists, our country's reunification and a durable peace in Asia cannot be expected, nor can the tragedy of our nation's split and the misfortunes and hardships of the compatriots in south Korea be removed.

What should not be overlooked here is the fact that the US imperialists are reinforcing their aggressive troops in occupation of south Korea, while keeping silence about our proposal to conclude a peace agreement aimed at creating prerequisites for the removal of tension in Korea and promotion of the country's independent, peaceful reunification and at consolidating peace in Korea and Asia.

This is striking evidence that there is no change in the US imperialist policy of aggression and war.

We will never tolerate the manoeuvres of war, division and interference hidden behind the US imperialists' crafty double-edged tactics. The US imperialists must get out of south Korea with their aggressive armed forces and lethal weapons they brought there.

If the US imperialists keep their provocative attitude, turning a deaf ear to this just demand of our people and the peaceloving people throughout the world, they will invite fiercer hatred and denunciation from the people and further precipitate their ignominious doom.

Li Hae Son

Cartoon by Son Chang Hak

(Continued from page 2)

Our proposal to convene a Great National Congress or a North-South Political Consultative Meeting mirrors such demand fully and correctly, and conforms perfectly with the spirit of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement in which the principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity are clearly specified.

This is why our just proposal receives the full support not only of the entire people in north and south Korea but of the peace-lovers and unbiased public opinion of the world.

Today even broad segments of the opposition party members in south Korea claim that the north-south dialogue on the reunification problem should involve the entire nation, going beyond the scope of discussion between the authorities of the north and the south.

But the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique alone are throwing mud at our proposal at the instigation of the US and Japanese aggressors, prattling that it is a "routine propaganda" or "interference in internal affairs".

This is a stereotyped artifice the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique resort to, whenever our reasonable proposals for reunification are made public, because they are afraid that the proposals of ours may be known among the south Korean people.

In order to call a Great National Congress or a Political Consultative Meeting with a view to hastening the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, freedom of political activities and democracy should be fully guaranteed to the people of all walks of life in south Korea as a social condition indispensable for the purpose.

In south Korea today even the elementary democratic freedom and rights are trampled upon and stamped out because it is under the system of fascist dictatorship. Free discussion on reunification and legal activities of the patriotic forces for it can hardly be possible under that system, to say nothing of the nationwide reunification movement.

If the south Korean rulers really want the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and try to solve the reunification question in deed, they should abrogate the "emergency measures", abolish all sorts of fascist evil laws such as "anti-communist law" and "national security law," release immediately the democratic figures and patriotic student youth who were arrested and imprisoned while fighting for the peaceful reunification and democracy and should provide the people and personages of all walks of life with the freedom of activities for reunification.

Moreover, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique must immediately retract their treacherous "special statement" that advocates the UN membership of "two Koreas", accept the reasonable 5-point proposal of ours for reunification and take practical measures to ensure the convocation of a Great National Congress or a North-South Political Consultative Meeting composed of the representatives of the people of all strata and all political parties and social organizations in the north and south.

No force can dampen the unanimous will of our people to reunify their divided country by their own efforts and can hold in check ever-increasing tendency of our people toward the peaceful reunification.

We Korean people should settle the country's reunification question by ourselves. None of big powers or other countries can solve it in our stead.

If the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang continue the nation-splitting manoeuvres and country-selling, treacherous acts, clinging to the outside forces and leaving south Korea to the US imperialists as their permanent colony and military base and to the Japanese militarists as their commodity market, they will meet their destruction, leaving behind them the indelible disgrace as traitors.

The Korean people will achieve the country's reunification without fail in accordance with the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity, laid down by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Kim Hae Myong

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